

## love the journey

## **Curriculum Implementation 2025-26**

### **Primary**

LCA Strand	Technology, Enterprise & Sport
Subject	Computing

	EYFS focuses on unplugged activities that help to build children's listening skills, curiosity, creativity and problem solving.  Across KSI and KS2:
What are the key concepts taught?	<ul> <li>Coding</li> <li>Online Safety</li> <li>Data Handling</li> <li>Publishing</li> <li>Animation</li> <li>Video Editing</li> <li>Photo Editing</li> <li>Audio Editing</li> <li>Web Design</li> <li>3D Modelling</li> <li>Networks and Systems</li> </ul>

	<u>EYFS</u>
	Unplugged activities may include using a tablet to take photographs, Beebots, video clips and listening to music.
What is the sequencing of units?	Chapter 1: Unit I – Online Safety/Exploring PurpleMash Unit 2 – Animated Story Books Unit 3 – Coding Unit 4 – Lego Builders Unit 5 – Spreadsheets Unit 6 – Pictograms
	Chapter 2: Unit I – Online Safety/ Effective Searching Unit 2 – Creating Pictures Unit 3 – Coding Unit 4 – Making Music Unit 5 – Spreadsheets

Unit 6 – Presenting Ideas

#### **Chapter 3:**

Unit I – Connecting Computers

Unit 2 – Animation

Unit 3 – Programming- Sequence in Music

Unit 4 – Desktop Publishing

Unit 5 – Branching Databases

Unit 6 - Programming- Events and Actions

#### Chapter 4:

Unit I – The Internet

Unit 2 – Photo Editing

Unit 3 – Programming- Repetition in Shapes

Unit 4 – Audio Editing

Unit 5 – Data Logging

Unit 6 - Programming- Repetition in Games

#### **Chapter 5:**

Unit I - Systems and Searching

Unit 2 – Vector Graphics

Unit 3 - Programming- Selection in Physical Computing

Unit 4 – Video Production

Unit 5 – Flat File Databases

Unit 6 – Programming- Selection in Quizzes

#### Chapter 6:

Unit I – Computer Systems- Communication

Unit 2 – 3D Modelling

Unit 3 – Programming- Variables in Games

Unit 4 - Web Page Creation

Unit 5 - Data Information- Spreadsheets

Unit 6 - Programming- Sensing

How do we encourage pupils to see the links between different units and concepts?

During each Key Stage, learners will revisit units and build upon skills that have been previously learned across different units. For example, when studying coding skills progress from base block coding in KSI to scratch and text-based coding in KS2.

This also applies to the study of computer systems and working safely online.

What are the planned opportunities for adaptive teaching, including for SEND, the more and able and disadvantaged pupils?

SEND learners will be supported appropriately and tasks will be adapted where possible to allow them to thrive. Similarly, those children who excel at computing will be given challenging tasks, such as workshops in coding, to advance their skills further.

All children have the same high expectations and hence are given access to the same resources and equipment and are supported in using them where necessary.

What are the planned opportunities for retrieval and reflection by pupils?

Lessons begin with a recap of prior knowledge to make links with previous lessons and support retrieval.

Learners are given opportunities to demonstrate and share their work with their peers.

All lessons include plenaries to revisit the learning objective and check for misconceptions.

What are the opportunities for feed forward by the teacher post assessment outcomes?

After each assessment point, learners are allowed to develop skills and knowledge across different units. Learners are encouraged to further develop their skills each year as units of work are revisited and built upon.

What are the planned opportunities for developing Reading?

Reading is embedded throughout the Computing curriculum. From KSI through to KS2, learners will have opportunities to develop their reading when: creating storybook animations; learning about online safety; effectively searching the web; reading web-based information; creating a publishing document and researching/ creating websites.

# What are the planned opportunities for developing literacy, numeracy, oracy and SMSC?

#### Literacy:

Subject-specific vocabulary; reading webpages; creating documents and writing code.

#### **Numeracy:**

Collecting and presenting data in spreadsheets and creating variables when coding;

#### Oracy:

Learners have opportunities for oracy each lesson when asked to think, pair share answers to prior knowledge questions.

#### **SMSC:**

Computing promotes SMSC through encouraging learners to think about positive interactions online and how to avoid negative online experiences.